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## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of the claims replaces all prior versions of the claims submitted in the application.

1. (Currently amended) Crystalline Compound I, which compound has the formula

## 2. (Cancelled)

- 3. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits one or more of: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 1 as measured using CuKα radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 7; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 10.
- 4. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1.
- 5. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as

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measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 7.3, 8. 1, 10.1, 10.4, 11.2, 13.2, 15.1, 15.5, 17.3, 21.7, 23.8, and 25.1.

6. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I has a crystal structure with the following characteristics at 122 K: Space group: P212121, Unit cell dimensions: a= 10.227(2) Å, b = 23.942(2) Å and c = 24.240(2) Å, a = 90°,  $\beta$  = 90°, Y = 90°, 2 molecules in the asymmetric unit.

- 7. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits one or more of: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 2 as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2- theta angles: 6.6, 8.9, 10.7, 11.7, 24.4, and 30. 6; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 8; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 11.
- 8. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 6.6, 8.9, 10.7, 11.7, 24.4, and 30.6.
- 9. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 6.6, 8.9, 10.7, 11.4, 11.7, 13.7, 17.0, 18.5, 18.8, 19.2, 20.3, 24.4, and 30.6.
- 10. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits one or more of: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 3 as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 9.6, 11.5, 12.5, 16.7, 19.3, and 28.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 9; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 12.

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11. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 9.6, 11.5, 12.5, 16.7, 19.3, and 28.1.

- 12. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 7.5, 8.3, 9.6, 11.5, 11.8, 12.5, 15.9, 16.3, 16.7, 17.2, 18.0, 19.3, 21.0, and 28.1.
- 13. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 13 as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation.
- 14. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 9.7, 12.1, 16.1, 18.3, 22.1, 22.2, 25.7, and 25.8.
- 15. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 7.3, 8.3, 9. 7, 11.1, 11.7, 12.1, 15.6, 16.1, 17.3, 18.3, 20.9, 22.1, 22.2, 25.7, and 25.8.
- 16. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 15 as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation.
- 17. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 8.9, 9.2, 10.2, and 14.6.
- 18. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$ , wherein the crystalline form of Compound I exhibits reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuK $\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 8.9, 9.2, 10.2, 12.6, 14.2, 14.6, 17.0, 18.6, 20.4, 21.1, 23.9, and 25.2.

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19. (Currently amended) The crystalline form of claim [[2]] 1, which is substantially pure.

20. (Previously presented) Solid Compound I containing crystalline Compound I alpha form, wherein Compound I has the formula

- 21. (Original) The solid of claim 20 consisting mainly of said alpha form.
- 22. (Previously presented) The solid of claim 20, wherein said alpha form of Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 1 as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 7; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 10.
- 23. (Previously presented) Solid Compound I containing crystalline Compound I beta form, wherein Compound I has the formula

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24. (Original) The solid of claim 23 consisting mainly of said beta form.

25. (Previously presented) The solid of claim 23, wherein said beta form of Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 2 as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 6.6, 8.9, 10.7, 11.7, 24.4, and 30.6; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 8; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 11.

26. (Previously presented) Solid Compound I containing crystalline Compound I gamma form, wherein Compound I has the formula

27. (Original) The solid of claim 26 consisting mainly of said gamma form.

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28. (Previously presented) The solid of claim 26, wherein said gamma form of Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 3 as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 9.6, 11.5, 12.5, 16.7, 19.3, and 28.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 9; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 12.

29. (Previously presented) Solid Compound I containing crystalline Compound I delta form, wherein Compound I has the formula

- 30. (Original) The solid of claim 29 consisting mainly of said delta form.
- 31. (Previously presented) The solid of claim 29, wherein said delta form of Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 13 as measured using CuKα radiation; or (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 9.7, 12.1, 16.1, 18.3, 22.1, 22.2, 25.7, and 25.8.
- 32. (Previously presented) Solid Compound I containing crystalline Compound I epsilon form, wherein Compound I has the formula

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33. (Original) The solid of claim 32 consisting mainly of said epsilon form.

34. (Previously presented) The solid of claim 32, wherein said form exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 15 as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation; or (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 8.9, 9.2, 10.2, and 14.6.

35. (Previously presented) A method for preparing crystalline Compound I, comprising forming crystalline Compound I in a solvent of methanol with 0% to about 8% water, wherein Compound I has the formula

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36. (Original) The method of claim 35, comprising crystallizing by precipitation Compound I from the solvent and separating the solvent form the obtained crystalline Compound I.

37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 35, wherein said crystalline Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 1 as measured using CuKα radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2- theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 7; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 10.

38. (Previously presented) Crystalline Compound I obtainable by the method of claim 35.

39. (Previously presented) A method for the manufacturing of Compound I, which method comprises a step of converting Compound I to crystalline Compound I, wherein Compound I has the formula.

40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, comprising precipitating Compound I in crystalline form from a solvent and separating the solvent from the obtained crystalline Compound I.

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41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein said crystalline Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 1 as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using  $CuK\alpha$  radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1; (iii) the solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 7; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 10.

- 42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said crystalline Compound I is prepared by forming crystalline Compound I in a solvent of methanol with 0% to about 8% water.
- 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, further comprising making a pharmaceutical composition comprising Compound I.
- 44. (Previously presented) A method for the manufacturing of a pharmaceutical composition of Compound I which method comprises preparing said composition from crystalline Compound I, wherein Compound I has the formula.

45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein said crystalline Compound I exhibits one or more of the following: (i) the X-Ray powder diffractogram shown in Figure 1 as measured using CuKα radiation; (ii) reflections in the X-Ray powder diffractogram as measured using CuKα radiation at 2-theta angles: 5.2, 10.1, 10.4, 13.2, 15.1, and 25.1; (iii) the

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solid state Carbon-13 NMR spectrum shown in Figure 7; or (iv) the NIR reflectance spectrum shown in Figure 10.

46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is a solid dispersion or solid solution formulation.

47. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of crystalline Compound I of claim 1.

48-52. (Canceled)

53. (Currently amended) The A method of treating a claim 52, wherein the disease is selected from the group consisting of Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, peripheral neuropathy, and AIDS dementia comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of crystalline Compound I according to claim 1.

54. (Previously presented) A method of treating Parkinson's disease comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of crystalline Compound I according to claim 1.